

List of Graveyards of the Late Sultans of the State of Perak,

Der-Ul-Rithuan, enquired into and visited by me,
Stia Bijaya Di Raja,
under instructions received from the
Government.

The names of the late Sultans and the situation of their respective graveyards are as follows :

1. Paduka Sri Sultan Mothaffar Shah, the first Ruler of the State of Perak was the son of the late Sultan Mahmud Shah, of the State of Kampar, (Sumatra). His former name was Raja Mothaffar Shah, and the length of time he was on the throne is unknown. The situation of his graveyard is at Tanah Abang, Ayer Mati, in the mukim of Lambor Kanan, Kuala Kangsar District.

His graveyard is on a mound or platform and surrounded by a wall. His daughter's grave is on the right of the platform and that of his wife on the left; his "Guru" (religious teacher) named Syed Hussein, is also on his left. Four graves are on the platform. His tombstones are beautifully and clearly engraved by Acheen people of former days. They are broken and cracked. If his graveyard monument is to be renewed the 'ganti badan' stone (*i.e.* a stone placed over the grave, extending from the head to the feet, to represent the body) should be made and his name be inscribed on this stone. His tombstones could be utilised again but the breaks and cracks should be mended with cement.

2. Paduka Sri Sultan Mansur Shah, son of the late Sultan Mothaffar Shah. His former name was Raja Mansur, and the length of time he was on the throne is unknown. The situation of this Sultan's grave is at Kota Lama Kanan, Kuala Kangsar District.

The graveyard of this Sultan I asked the elders of Kota Lama Kanan to point out to me; they all informed me that, according to stories handed down by their forefathers, this grave is in the Kota Lama Kanan Mosque, under the pulpit. I could not find it at any other place. I brought this matter to the notice of His Highness Sultan Idris, and he told me that it was true that the grave of this Sultan is in the Mosque, as former Sultans, when visiting this grave, used to go to the Mosque. I think that a large tombstone with the name of this Sultan should be made and placed in the Mosque next to the pulpit.

3. Paduka Sri Sultan Ahmad Tajuddin Shah, son of the late Sultan Mansur Shah. The latter was afterwards called "Almerhum Kota Lama Kanan." His former name was Raja Ahmad, and the length of time he was on the throne is unknown. This Sultan died at Jolong, and was called "Almerhum Muda," and his grave is at Geronggong, in the mukim of Pulau Tiga, Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan is in the land owned by a Javanese named Haji Muhammad Saleh. His tombstones were beautifully engraved by Acheen people. One of the two tombstones is broken and cannot be mended and therefore both stones should be renewed.

4. Paduka Sri Sultan Tajul Ariffin, son of the late Sultan Mansur Shah (Almerhum Kota Lama Kanan). His former name was Raja Ariffin, and the length of his reign is unknown. The grave of this Sultan is on the island of Semat, in the mukim of Senggong, Kuala Kangsar District.

This grave is in the land owned by one Anjang Ibrahim. Only one tombstone remains over the grave. I do not think this stone could be further used and therefore both stones should be renewed.

5. Paduka Sri Sultan Alla-Uddin Shah, son of the late Raja Kechil, and grandson of the late Sultan Ahmad Tajuddin (Almerhum Muda, died at Jolong, see para. 3). His former name was Raja Ali, and the length of his reign is unknown.

The grave of this Sultan is next to the grave of Almerhum Bongsu, at the down stream extremity of the island of Bota, Kuala Kangsar District.

This grave is in the dusun land belonging to His Highness Sultan Idris, and neither of the tombstones remain over the grave.

6. Paduka Sri Sultan Mukadam Shah, grandson of the late Sultan Mansur Shah (see para. 2), who was called "Almerhum Kota Sama Kanan." His former name was Tungku Tuha, and the length of his reign is unknown. The grave of this Sultan is in the State of Acheen.

His Highness Sultan Idris informed me that this Sultan died in Acheen, where his grave is.

7. Paduka Sri Sultan Mansur Shah II, son of the late Raja Keehil, and grandson of the late Sultan Ahmad Tajuddin Shah (see para. 3), who was called "Almerhum Muda." His former name was Raja Mansur, and the length of his reign is unknown.

The grave of this Sultan is in the State of Johor. His Highness Sultan Idris informed me that this Sultan sailed for Johor and met his death there.

8. Paduka Sri Sultan Mahmud Shah, grandson of the late Sultan Mansur Shah (see para. 2), who was called "Almerhum Kota Lama Kanan." His former name was Raja Yusuf, and the length of his reign is unknown.

The grave of this Sultan is at Pulau Tiga, in Lower Perak District. This grave is in the land owned by one Khatib Samat, on the down stream side of the house of the Datoh Paduka Raja. Not one of the tombstones remains.

9. Paduka Sri Sultan Salehuddin, son of the late Sultan Mahmud. The latter was styled "Almerhum Pulau Tiga." His former name was Raja Kobat, and the length of his reign is unknown.

100 GRAVEYARDS OF THE SULTANS OF PERAK.

The grave of this Sultan is in the State of Kampar, in Sumatra. His Highness Sultan Idris informed me that this Sultan, when he was on the throne, sailed to Kampar and met his death there.

10. Paduka Sri Sultan Mothaffar Shah II, who was styled "Almerhum Jamal-Allah," son of the late Sultan Mahmud, of Kampar. His former name was Raja Sulong, and the length of his reign is unknown. The grave of this Sultan is at Ayer Mati, in the mukim of Bota, Kuala Kangsar District.

This grave is in the land owned by Kulup Lateh, and is on a platform. The tombstones have disappeared. It is situated about a mile inland from the Perak River.

11. Paduka Sri Sultan Muhammad Iskandar Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Besar Ulia-Allah," son of the late Sultan Mothaffar II, whose grave is at Ayer Mati Lama, in the mukim of Bota. His former name was Raja Mahmud, and his age was 120 years. He was on the throne for 111 years. His grave is at Geronggong, in the mukim of Pulau Tiga, Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan is in the land belonging to a Javanese by the name of Haji Muhammad Saleh. The tombstones are beautifully engraved, and are little broken, but can be mended with cement. A "ganti badan" stone should be made and inscribed with the name of this Sultan. The distance of this grave from the Perak River is about 160 yards.

12. Paduka Sri Sultan Allauddin Rahiat Shah, son of the late Almerhum Sulong, of Geronggong, and grandson of the late Sultan Mansur Shah, of Pulau Tiga. His former name was Raja Radin, and he was on the throne for 20 years. The grave of this Sultan is at Geronggong, in the mukim of Pulau Tiga, Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan fell into the river some time back owing to the river bank being washed away. His Highness Sultan Idris informed me that former Sultans when visiting this grave used to go to a stump of a "Sena" tree in

the river, as the grave of this Sultan was at the foot of this tree. The stump of this tree has now disappeared.

13. Paduka Sri Sultan Mothaffar Shah III, who was styled "Almerhum Hadji-Allah," son of the late Sultan Mansur Shah, of Pulau Tiga. His former name was Raja Inu, and the length of his reign is unknown. The grave of this Sultan is in the "selat" in Bota Mukim, Kuala Kangsar District. He died during the Muhammadan year 1176.

The grave of this Sultan is in the land owned by one Lebai Kelantan. This grave is on a platform and both the tombstones have disappeared. It is situated far away inland from the Perak River.

14. Paduka Sri Sultan Muhammad Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Amin-Allah," son of the late Sultan Mansur Shah, of Pulau Tiga. His former name was Raja Besnu, and the length of his reign is unknown. The grave of this Sultan is at Pulau Tiga, in Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan was in the land belonging to Imam Kasim, on the up-stream side of the house of the Datoh Paduka Raja. This grave, during the reign of the late Sultan Yusuf, fell into the river owing to the bank being washed away, and the kampong of Imam Kasim has also been washed away by the river, leaving the parit (boundary ditch) only on the inland side.

15. Paduka Sri Sultan Iskandar Zul Karnain, who was styled "Almerhum Kahar-Allah," son of the late Sultan Muhammad Shah (Almerhum Amin-Allah of Pulau Tiga, see para 14). His former name was Raja Iskandar, and he was on the throne for 14 years. His grave is on the Pulau Indra Sakti, in the mukim of Bandar, Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan is in the kampong land of Haji Muhammad Taib. The octagonal tombstones, which were beautifully made, have been broken in three parts and the "ganti badan" stone has been broken in two parts. These

102 GRAVEYARDS OF THE SULTANS OF PERAK.

could be mended with cement, and the name of the deceased should be inscribed on the "ganti badan" stone.

16. Paduka Sri Sultan Mahmud Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Muda," son of the late Sultan Muhammad Shah (see para. 14). His former name was Raja Samsu, and he was on the throne for eight years. His grave is on the Pulau Besar, in the mukim of Pasir Panjang Ulu, Lower Perak District.

This grave, on the Pulau Besar, is in the Government Burial Reserve. The square tombstones, which were made beautifully, have been in many parts broken, but could be mended with cement. There is no "ganti badan" stone over the grave, and I think one should be made and inscribed thereon with the name of this Sultan. This grave is far inland from the Perak River, and on the middle of the island.

17. Paduka Sri Sultan Allauddin Mansur Iskandar Muda Shah, who was styled "Paduka Almerhum," son of the late Sultan Muhammad Shah (see para. 14). His former name was Raja Allauddin, and the length of his reign is unknown. His grave is at Telok Memali, in the Mukim of Bandar, Lower Perak.

This grave is in the land owned by one Alang Jaksa. It was formerly under a tiled roof, but the structure has since fallen down. His tombstones and "ganti badan" stone were beautifully made, but have been cracked and broken, but could be repaired with cement. On the "ganti badan" stone the name of this Sultan should be inscribed. This grave is about 40 yards away from the river bank and, if not removed before long, will be washed away by the river.

18. Paduka Sri Sultan Ahmadin Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Bongsu," son of the late Sultan Muhammad Shah (see para. 14). His former name was Raja Chik, and the length of his reign is unknown. This grave is on the same platform as the grave of the late Sultan Allauddin (see para. 5).

This grave is at the down stream extremity of Pulau Bota, and is in the land owned by His Highness Sultan Idris.

It is on the same platform with the grave of the late 5th Sultan. It is far away inland from the river.

19. Paduka Sri Sultan Abdul Malek Mansur Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Jamal-Allah," son of the late Sultan Ahmadin Shah (see para. 18). His former name was Raja Abdul Malek, and he reigned for 20 years. The grave of this Sultan is at Telok Memali, in the mukim of Bandar, Lower Perak District.

This grave is in the land belonging to Haji Muhammad Arop, and is on a platform. The tombstones have disappeared.

20. Paduka Sri Sultan Abdullah Moazam Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Khali-el-Allah," son of the late Sultan Abdul Malek Mansur Shah (see para. 19). His former name was Raja Abdullah, and the period of his reign was 13 years. The grave of this Sultan is at Telok Kepayang, next to the grave of the late Sultan Jaffar, in the mukim of Pasir Panjang Ulu, Lower Perak District.

This grave was formerly at Pasir Panjang, but when His Highness Sultan Idris visited all the Royal graves after his installation he ordered it to be removed to its present place, as it was found then that it was nearly washed away by the river. This grave is in the land owned by His Highness the Raja Muda Musa. This grave and that of the late Sultan Jaffar is only about three yards away. No tombstones are over the grave. It is far away inland from the Perak river.

21. Paduka Sri Sultan Shahbudin Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Safi-el-Allah," son of the late Saleh-el-Aman, and grandson of the late Sultan Ahmadin Shah (see para. 18). His former name was Raja Chulan, and he was on the throne for nine years. The grave of this Sultan is at Tanjong Penanggok, in the mukim of Bandar, Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan is in the land belonging to Hitam Muhammad Yusuf. It is on a platform and all the tombstones have disappeared; and is about 30 yards away

from the river. It would be best to remove this grave to Pulau Indra Sakti and re-bury the body next to that of the late Sultan Iskandar Zulkarnain (see para. 15).

22. Paduka Sri Sultan Abdullah Mudammad Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Etakad-el-Allah," son of the late Raja Kechil Besar Abdul Rahman, and grandson of the late Sultan Ahmadin Shah (see para. 18). His former name was Raja Abdullah, and he reigned for 21 years. His grave is at Durien Sabatang, in Lower Perak District.

The grave of this Sultan is in the land owned by Haji Ahmad bin Haji Muhammad Yasin. It is on a platform, next to the grave of the late Toh Janggot, the then Laksamana. All the tombstones have disappeared.

23. Paduka Sri Sultan Jaffar Moazam Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Wali-Allah," son of the late Raja Kechil Tengah Ahmad, and grandson of the late Sultan Abdul Malek Mansur Shah (see para. 19). His former name was Raja Ngah Jaffar, and he reigned for nine years. His grave is at Telok Kapayang, in the mukim of Pasir Panjang Ulu, Lower Perak District.

The grave is in the dusun land of His Highness the Raja Muda Musa, and the tumbstone remain. The "ganti badan" is of wood and is now rotten, and should be replaced with a stone.

24. Paduka Sri Sultan Ali-el-Kamal Rahiat Shah, who was styled "Almerhum Nabi-Allah," son of the late Sultan Shahbudin Shah (see para. 20). His former name was Raja Ngah Ali, and he was on the throne for six years. His grave is at Gedong Siam, in the mukim of Saiong, Kuala Kangsar District.

This grave is in the Government Burial Reserve. The tombstones are in good condition, but the wooden "ganti badan" is rotten and should be replaced with a stone.

25. Paduka Sri Sultan Ismail Moabeddin Shah, who was styled as "Almerhum Mangkat di-Sekudai," son of the late

Shiekh-el-Kheirat Shah, and grandson of the late Raja Hussein, and great grandson of Almerhum Pura, the Ruler of the State of Siak, in Sumatra. His mother was the daughter of the late Sultan Ahmadin Shah (see para 18), and the period of his reign was four years. His grave is at Sekudai, in Johor.

When Sultan Ali (see para 24) was on the throne, Raja Ismail held the post of the Raja Bendahara, and Raja Abdullah was the Raja Muda. After the death of Sultan Ali, Raja Ismail was installed by the upper Perak Chiefs as Sultan. The Chiefs in Lower Perak then proclaimed ex-Sultan Abdullah as Sultan. There were two Sultans in Perak when the British Government intervened. Ex-Sultan Abdullah was then confirmed by the British Government as Ruler of the State of Perak, and the late Sultan Ismail was styled ex-Sultan. Not long afterwards the disturbances took place in Perak, and both the Sultans were banished. The late ex-Sultan Ismail died in Johor.

26. Paduka Sri Sultan Abdullah Muhammad Shah, son of the late Sultan Jaffar Moazam Shah (see para 23). His former name was Raja Abdullah.

His Highness the ex-Sultan Abdullah is now in Singapore, where he has to stay as ordered by the British Government.

27. Paduka Sri Sultan Yusof Sharif-el-din Mofthal Shah, who was styled as "Almerhum Rhafr-Allah," son of the late Sultan Abdullah Muhammad Shah (see para 22). His former name was Raja Yusuf, he reigned only for 10 months. His grave is at Kampong Lembah, in the Mukim of Saiong, Kuala Kangsar District.

Raja Yusuf, when ex-Sultan Abdullah was proclaimed Ruler, was installed as the Raja Muda. After the disturbances were over and both the ex-Sultans Abdullah and Ismail left this country, the English Government recognised him as the Regent of Perak. When peace was established, during the time when Sir Hugh Low, G.C.M.G., became Resident of Perak, Raja Yusuf was installed as the Sultan of Perak, and Raja Idris, who held the post of Chief Justice in Perak, was made

the Raja Muda. Ten months after his installation, at 2 a.m. on Thursday, the 27th, July, 1887, Sultan Yusuf expired at his Astana at Saiong.

His grave is in the Government Burial Reserve. His Highness Sultan Idris informed me that he wishes to remove this grave to the burial ground at Bukit Chandan, as the present situation is annually under flood, and there he wishes, at his own expense, to erect a suitable monument over the grave.

Paduka Sri Sultan Sir Idris Mersid-el-Aazam Shah, G.C.M.G. son of the late Bendahara Iskandar Shah, and grandson of the late Raja Kechil Tengah Ahmad, and great grandson of the late Sultan Abdul Malek Mansur Shah (see para 19).

His Highness first became the Sultan during the Muhammadan year 1305 (1888). His Highness has twice visited England, once before his installation and again when invited to attend the King's Coronation in 1903.

The prayers of all his subjects are that Almighty God may grant him long life, prosperity and good health to sit upon the throne of the State of Perak Der-el-Rithuan.

(Signed) JERAGAN ABDUL SHUKOR,

Stia Bijaya Di Raja.